Ch 2.2: Assessing Model Accuracy

Lecture 3 - CMSE 381

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Announcements

Last time:

- Ch 2.1, Vocab day!

Announcements:

- Get on slack!
  - $+1$ point on the first homework if you post a gif in the thread
- First homework due Sunday, 1/26. Covers:
  - Mon 1/13 lecture
  - Weds 1/15 Lecture
  - Today 1/17 Lecture
- Office hours: see website

Covered in this lecture

- Mean Squared Error (regression)
- Train vs Test
- Bias Variance Trade off

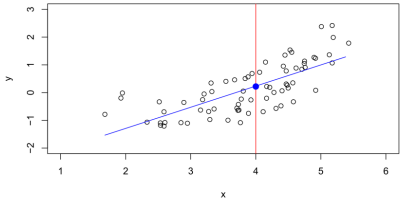
Quick review of notation

Section 1

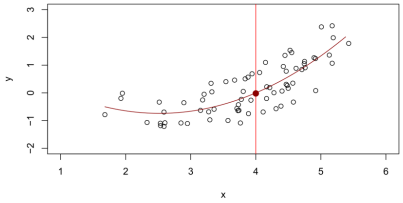
Mean Squared Error

Which is better?

A linear model $\hat{f}_L(X) = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 X$ gives a reasonable fit here



A quadratic model $\hat{f}_Q(X) = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 X + \hat{\beta}_2 X^2$ fits slightly better.

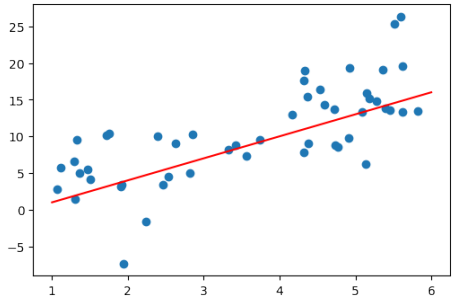


No free lunch

Mean Squared Error

Error in the regression setting

$$MSE = \frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^{n}(y_i - \hat{f}(x_i))^2$$



Group Work

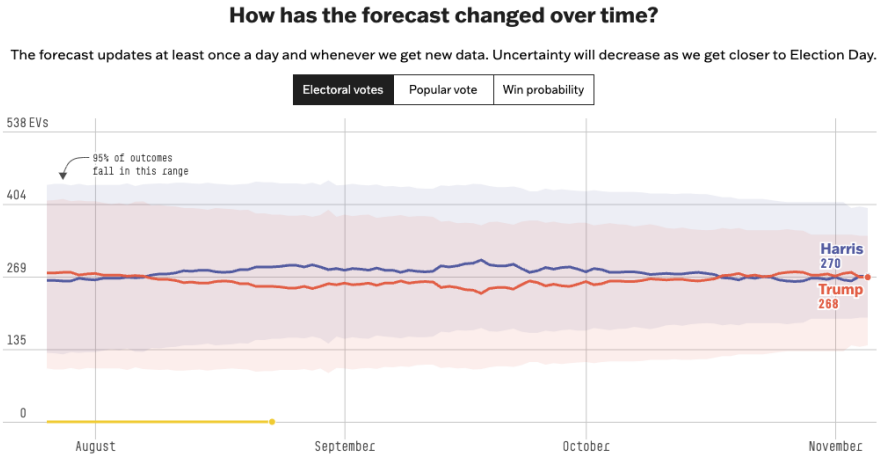
Given the following data, you decide to use the model

$$\hat{f}(X_1, X_2) = 1 - 3X_1 + 2X_2.$$

What is the MSE?

X_1	X_2	Y
0	7	14
1	-3	-6
5	2	-10
-1	1	7

Training MSE



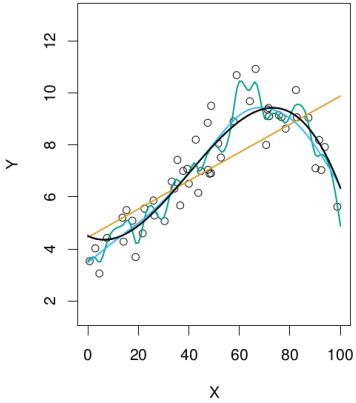
Train vs test

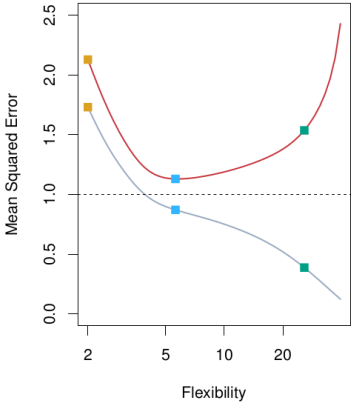
Training set:
The observations
$\{(x_1, y_1), \cdots, (x_n, y_n)\}$ used to get the estimate $\hat{f}$

Test set:
The observations
$\{(x'_1, y'_1), \cdots, (x'_{n'}, y'_{n'})\}$ used to compute the average squared prediction error

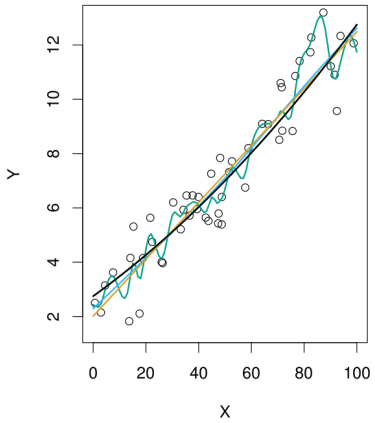
$$\frac{1}{n'} \sum_i (y'_i - \hat{f}(x'_i))^2$$

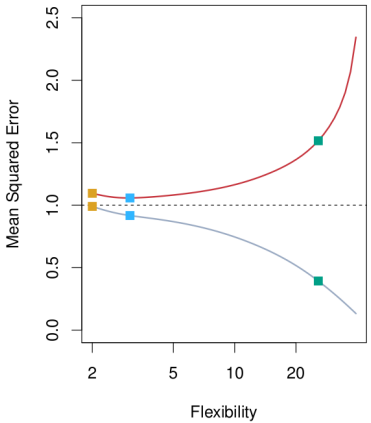
Why not just get the best model for the training data?



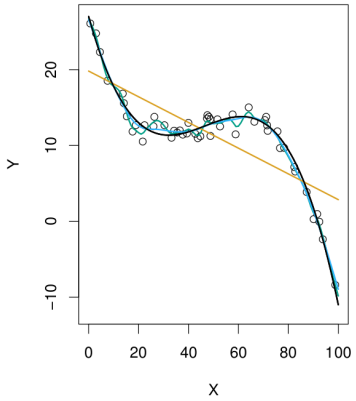


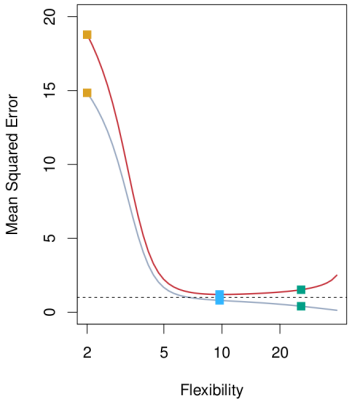
A more linear example





A more non-linear example





A simple solution: Train/test split

More on this in Ch 5

Section 2

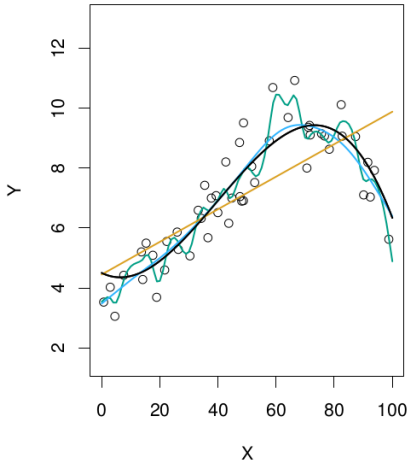
Bias-Variance Trade-Off

Bias-variance

$$E(y_0 - \hat{f}(x_0))^2 = \mathrm{Var}(\hat{f}(x_0)) + \left[\mathrm{Bias}(\hat{f}(x_0))\right]^2 + \mathrm{Var}(\varepsilon)$$

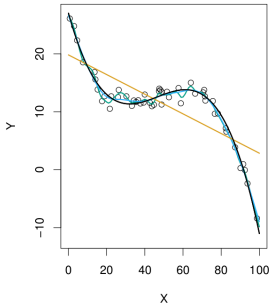
Variance

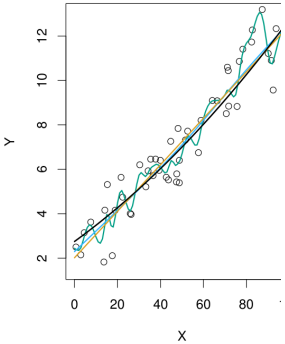
Variance: the amount by which $\hat{f}$ would change if we estimated it using a different training data set.



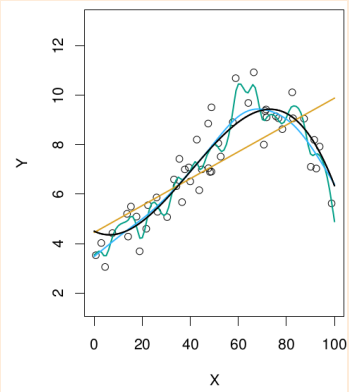
Bias

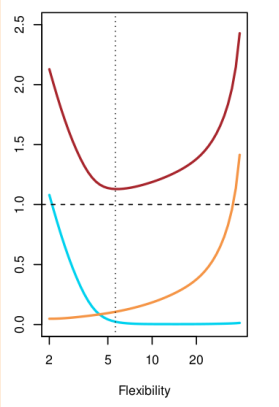
Bias: the error that is introduced by approximating a (complicated) real-life problem by a much simpler model.





Group work



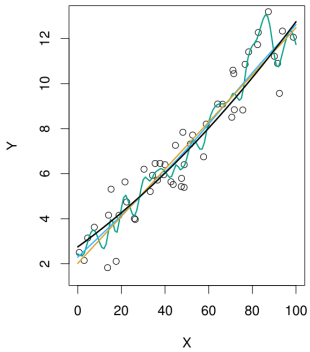


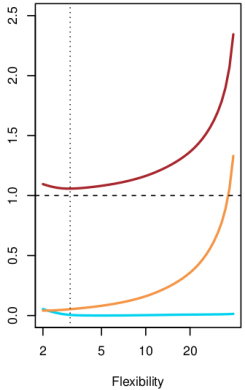
Label the line corresponding to each of the following:

- MSE
- Bias
- Variance of $\hat{f}(x_0)$
- Variance of ε

$$E(y_0 - \hat{f}(x_0))^2 = \mathrm{Var}(\hat{f}(x_0)) + \left[\mathrm{Bias}(\hat{f}(x_0))\right]^2 + \mathrm{Var}(\varepsilon)$$

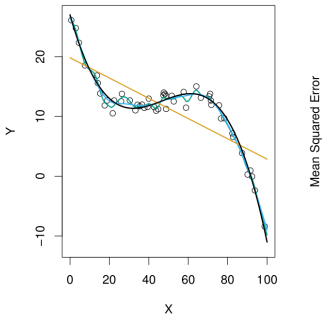
Another example

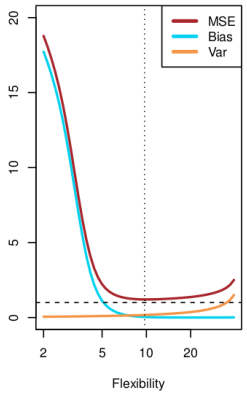




$$E(y_0 - \hat{f}(x_0))^2 = \mathrm{Var}(\hat{f}(x_0)) + \Big[\mathrm{Bias}(\hat{f}(x_0))\Big]^2 + \mathrm{Var}(\varepsilon)$$

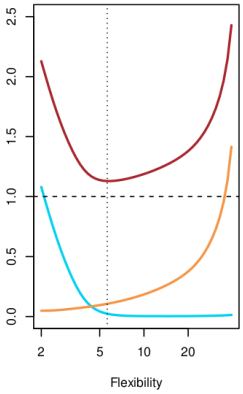
Yet another example





$$E(y_0 - \hat{f}(x_0))^2 = \mathrm{Var}(\hat{f}(x_0)) + \Big[\mathrm{Bias}(\hat{f}(x_0))\Big]^2 + \mathrm{Var}(\varepsilon)$$

Bias-variance trade off



$$E(y_0 - \hat{f}(x_0))^2 = \mathrm{Var}(\hat{f}(x_0)) + \Big[\mathrm{Bias}(\hat{f}(x_0))\Big]^2 + \mathrm{Var}(\varepsilon)$$

Group work: coding

See jupyter notebook

Next time

- Next week:
  - Monday no class
  - 3.1 Linear Regression
- Sunday (1/26)
  - Homework due midnight on crowdmark

CMSE381_S2025_Schedule : Sheet1

Lec #	Date		Topic	Reading	HW
1	M	1/13	Intro / Python Review	1	
2	W	1/15	What is statistical learning	2.1	
3	F	1/17	Assessing Model Accuracy	2.2.1, 2.2.2	
	M	1/20	MLK - No Class		
4	W	1/22	Linear Regression	3.1	
5	F	1/24	More Linear Regression	3.1	HW #1 Due Sun 1/26
6	M	1/27	Multi-linear Regression	3.2	
7	W	1/29	Probably More Linear Regression	3.3	